Contents

Corporate Information	02
Notice of Annual Review Meeting	03
Mission, Vision Statements	04
Statement of Ethics and Business Practices	05
Directors' Report	09
Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance	15
Auditors' Review Report on Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance	17
Auditors' Report to the Certificate-holders	18
Balance Sheet	19
Profit and Loss Account	20
Statement of Comprehensive Income	21
Cash Flow Statement	22
Statement of Changes in Equity	23
Notes to the Financial Statements	24
Pattern of Certificate-holding	48
Key Operating Financial Data	49

Corporate Information

Principal Place of Business 72-B, Kotlakhpat, Industrial Area, Lahore

Modaraba Company and Registered Office Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited

72-B, Kotlakhpat, Industrial Area, Lahore

Packaging Solutions:

Corrugation - Plant Location Kacha Tiba Rohi Nala, 22-KM, Ferozepur Road, Lahore

Paper & Board Mill - Plant Location 31-KM Sheikhupura Road, Sheikhupura

Soap – Plant Location Ghakkar [under Toll Manufacturing Arrangement]

Chief Executive Officer Syed Shahid Ali

Directors Syed Sheharyar Ali

Muhammad Shafique Anjum

Shahid Zia

Auditors of the Modaraba Hyder Bhimji & Company

Chartered Accountants

Auditors of the Modaraba Company KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Audit Committee • Muhammad Shafique Anjum - Chairman

Syed Shahid AliShahid ZiaMemberMember

Share Registrar Scarlet I.T. Systems (Private) Limited

24 - Ferozepur Road, Lahore

Phone: (042) 37087113, 37570202 Fax: (042) 37570303

E-mail: treet@scarletsystem.com

Legal Advisors Salim & Baig - Advocates

Bankers to the Modaraba 1. Allied Bank Limited

2. BankIslami Pakistan Limited

3. Bank Alfalah Limited

4. Barclays Bank PLC, Pakistan

5. Faysal Bank Limited

6. Habib Bank Limited

7. MCB Bank Limited

8. NIB Bank Limited

9. United Bank Limited

Chief Accountant – Modaraba Company Sohail Habib

Chief Accountant – Modaraba Sajjad Haider Khan

Company Secretary Ayaz Ahmed

Notice of 5th Annual Review Meeting

Notice is hereby given that 5th Annual Review Meeting of certificate holders of First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba will be held on Monday October 31, 2011 at 10.00 A.M. at the Registered Office of the Modaraba situated at 72-B, Kotlakhpat Industrial Area, Lahore for the year ended June 30, 2011.

The Management of the Modaraba also pleased to announced Final Cash Dividend @ 6.94% i.e. Re. 0.694 per certificate to existing Certificate Holders of the Modaraba.

The Certificate Transfer Books will remain closed from October 24, 2011 to October 31, 2011 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determination of names of the certificate holders for above dividend and for attendance of Annual Review Meeting. The certificate holders whose names appear on the Register of Certificate Holders of First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba as on October 22, 2011 will be eligible for payment of dividend as well as to attend the Annual Review Meeting.

By order of the Board

(AYAZ AHMED)

Company Secretary

Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited

Managers of First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba

LAHORE:

October 06, 2011

Notes:

- 1. In case of individuals, the account holder and/or person whose securities are in CDC sub account or investor account shall show their identity by showing original computerized national identity card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting, CDC sub account holders/investor account holders are also requested to bring their account numbers maintained with CDC.
- 2. In case of corporate entity, board of director's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signatures of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

Mission, Vision Statements

MISSION STATEMENT

Our MISSION is, to satisfy and exceed the needs of our customers, providing our products and services with only the best quality, adjusted to their needs and preferences and to create value for our stakeholders. In order to accomplish this, we will continue our emphasis on being the industry's lowest cost producer that responds to customer needs with value-added products and services. We will strive to exceed customer expectations.

It is our belief that we can fulfill this mission through a unique combination of industry vision, supply chain expertise and innovative technology.

VISION STATEMENT

To be an innovative market leader in our businesses that benefit society. We will be differentiated from our competitors by technology, quality, engineering, sales and marketing expertise, while ensuring financial strength and sustainable growth of the **Treet Group** for the benefit of its stakeholders.

PRINCIPLE

We will base our human resources systems on our proven principles reflective of our core values and our commitment to attract, reward, develop and motivate sophisticated people. They will reflect the global scope of our business while demonstrating responsibility and flexibility with respect to cultural diversity, and statutory and regional business realities.

EMPHASIS

Our emphasis on continuous improvement in all aspects of our business will enable us to reward our shareholders and employees.

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

We will continually strive to be environmentally responsible and support the communities where we operate and the industries in which we participate.

CORPORATE VALUES

- Total Customer Services
- Long-Term Business Focus
- Technology Oriented
- Quality & Reliability
- Staff Development & Teamwork
- Effective Resources & Cost Management
- Corporate Responsibility

Statement of Ethics and Business Practices Guidelines to Business Conduct

EMPLOYEES

- No one should ask any employee to break the law, or go against **Treet Group** policies and values.
- We treat all employees equally and fairly.
- We do not tolerate any form of harassment.
- Information and necessary facilities are provided to perform jobs in a safe manner.
- Employees must not use, bring, or transfer illegal drugs or weapons on Treet Group property.
- Employees should report suspicious people and activities.

BUSINESS PARTNERS

- Avoid conflicts of interest and identify situations where they may occur.
- Do not accept or give gifts, favors, or entertainment if it will appear to obligate the person who receives
 it.
- Use and supply only safe, reliable products and services.
- Respect our competitors and do not use unfair business practices to hurt our competition.
- Do not have formal or informal discussions with our competitors on prices, markets or products, or production or inventory levels.
- Manufacture and produce products according to contract specifications.
- Market our products and services in an honest and fair manner.
- Do not compromise our values to make a profit.

BUSINESS RESOURCES

- Do not use inside information about the **Treet Group** for personal profit. Do not give such information to others.
- Do not use **Treet Group** resources for personal gain or any non-business purpose.
- Protect confidential and proprietary information.
- Do not use **Treet Group** resources to send, receive, access or save electronic information that is sexually explicit, promotes hate, violence, gambling, illegal drugs, or the illegal purchase or use of weapons.
- Do not make false or misleading entries into the companies' books or records (within a **Treet Group**).

COMMUNITIES

- Follow all laws, regulations and Treet Group policies that apply to your work.
- Do not entice or give money or anything of value to government officials to influence their decisions.
- We measure and assess our performance, and are open and clear in our environmental communications.
- When Treet Group's standards are higher than what is required by local law, we meet the higher standards.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Treet Group believes that a responsible attitude toward society and the environment can make a business more competitive, more resilient to shocks, and more likely to attract and hold both consumers and the best employees.

Treet Group feels that social attitude is a significant part of its risk management and reputation strategy. In a world where brand value and reputation are increasingly seen as a **Treet Group**'s most valuable assets, responsible social attitude can build the loyalty and trust that ensure a bright sustainable future.

Fundamental to success for Treet Group (and to our vision and corporate values) are based on following premises:

CUSTOMERS

Our future existence relies on understanding and satisfying our customers' present and future needs. Our goal is to be recognized by our customers as a high quality, innovative and cost effective supplier, and the most desirable to do business with. We recognize that, as a result, the next person in the process is our customer.

OUR PEOPLE

We value our family of employees as essential to the success of our Treet Group. We aim to develop a long term trusting relationship with each employee, encouraging their contributions and assisting in their personal development and education. In all dealings we will be fair and consistent.

PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

We are recognized at large by our end products and services. We will endeavor to produce technologically advanced products and services that offer superior quality and value. Continued innovation and improvement are critical to our survival and growth.

SUPPLIERS

We view suppliers of goods and services as an extension of our Treet Group, with whom we wish to develop long term trusting relationships. We expect our suppliers to embrace our quality improvement philosophy in their dealing with us.

SHAREHOLDERS

We aim to be a Group in whom our shareholders have trust and pride. We will keep our shareholders properly informed of our Treet Group's performance and prospects. We recognize the need to provide our shareholders with an excellent return on investment, consistent with long term growth.

PLANNING

All short term decisions will be consistent with long term objectives that balance the needs of our people, customers, suppliers and shareholders. Each year these objectives will be widely communicated within our Treet Group.

QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

We believe in step by step continual improvement of everything that we are engaged in, including our administration, marketing, sales, design, service, distribution and manufacturing. We will encourage cross-functional communication and co-operation to aid this.

ENVIRONMENT

Reflecting our commitment to a cleaner world, we aim to develop products and manufacturing processes which are as friendly to the environment as practicable.

SOCIETY

We will conduct our business at all times in a fair, ethical, consistent and professional manner. We accept our responsibilities to be a responsible community neighbour, and will continue to support community affairs.

HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT POLICY

It is Treet Group policy to;

- Minimize its environmental impact, as much as economically and practically possible
- Save raw material, water and energy and avoid wastage (and reprocess the waste to the maximum possible extent)
- Ensure that all its present and future activities are conducted safely without endangering the health of its employees, its customers and the public
- Develop plans and procedures and provide resources to successfully implement the policy and for dealing effectively with any emergency
- Provide environmental, health and safety training to all employees and other relevant persons to
 enable them to carry out their duties safely without causing harm to themselves, others and to the
 environment
- Ensure that all its activities comply with national environmental, health and safety regulations

DONATIONS, CHARITIES, CONTRIBUTIONS AND OTHER PAYMENTS OF A SIMILAR NATURE;

Companies within Treet Group are, subject to Board's approval, encouraged to provide support to local communities through donations, charities etc. to fulfill its duty towards social cause. But companies in our Treet Group will not, in any case, contribute any amount;

- (a) to any political party; or
- (b) for any political purpose to any individual or body.

Moreover, companies in Treet Group shall not distribute gifts in any form to its members in its meeting.

Investment / Funding and Dividend Policies

INVESTMENT POLICY

The Executive Committee of the Directors is responsible for seeking/evaluating and recommending either;

- Portfolio Investments (i.e. in Shares/ Securities etc. (Fresh Issues or Market Purchase) or Financial claims); or
- Investment in New Projects (either equity based or loan based); or
- Joint Ventures; or
- Investment in Intangibles (Goodwill/ Trade Marks/ Patents etc.)

Moreover, Executive Committee ensures that Proposed Investments are set out in Treet Group's vision and Strategic domain.

FUNDING POLICY

It is Treet Group's policy not only to utilize funds efficiently but also to seek funds from the cheapest source(s).

Treet Group advertently evaluates, from time to time, different funding options for;

- Working Capital Requirements (including import/export financing)
- Medium Term Rollovers/Capital Requirements
- · Long Term Project Based Requirements

These funding options may include;

- Internally Generated Funds*
- · Bank Borrowings (Short Term as well as Long Term)
- Trade & Sundry Credits
- Debt Instruments (Commercial Papers/ Bonds/ TFC etc.) issued to Institutions or Public in general
- Subordinate- Debts
- Leasing (Operating as well as Capital)
- Equity Financing etc.

*This includes Intra-Treet Group resource sharing. Corporate strategy (by the parent company i.e. Treet Corporation Limited) will seek to develop synergies by sharing and coordinating staff and other resources across business units, investing financial resources across business units, and using business units to complement other corporate business activities.

Moreover, the above funding options may augment other ancillary financial products (i.e. derivatives like shares options etc.).

DIVIDEND POLICY

The companies in Treet Group in general meeting may declare dividends; but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors; and

- No dividend shall be declared or paid by a company for any financial year out of the profits of the company made
 from the sale or disposal of any immovable property or assets of a capital nature comprised in the undertaking or
 any of the undertaking of the company; and
- No dividend shall be paid by a company otherwise than out of profits of the company; and
- The Board may approve and pay to the Members such interim dividends as appears to be justified by the profits of the Company; and
- The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company, such sums as they
 think proper as a reserve(s), which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting contingencies
 etc.: and
- Company's dividend decision will be auxiliary to Company's Financing Policy

DIVIDEND POLICY FOR FIRST TREET MANUFACTURING MODARABA

Not less than 90% of the net income in respect of the Modaraba's business [non-trading] activities, determined after setting aside the mandatory reserves as per Prudential Regulations for Modaraba, is to be distributed at least once in every year to the certificate holders in proportion to the number of certificates held by them. Distribution will be in the form of cash dividend. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of the profits of the Modaraba for the year or any other distributed profits.

Directors' Report

Board of Directors of Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited (GET), the Modaraba Company of First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba (FTMM), is pleased to present the Directors' Report on the 5th annual accounts of FTMM for the year ended June 30, 2011. These accounts have been audited by statutory auditors of the Modaraba and are accompanied by their audit report.

Economic Outlook

This period has been marked by the continuing and intensified security challenges the country has confronted since 2001. In addition, the country faced multiple adverse shocks of commodity and oil prices and the fallout of the global financial crisis. The year under review saw the unprecedented calamity of the great floods. These floods wiped out about 2 percentage points from the growth as well as inflicted a massive damage of \$10 billion on country's economic structure.

Large-scale manufacturing remained victim of power outages and lower domestic demand. Slowdown in large-scale manufacturing from earlier projected 4.9 percent to 1.7 percent (July- March 2010-11) reflects the impact of the severity of energy shortages and electricity tariff –hike leading to cost escalation.

The economy has considerably lost significant growth momentum during last three years as the economic growth averaged just 2.6 percent as against 5.3 percent in the preceding eight years.

There are many reasons for deceleration of growth momentum like massive terms of trade shock of 2008, global financial crisis, intensification of war on terror, security hazards etc. While the economic environment in Pakistan remained inhospitable for growth and investment during 2010-11, and particularly the performance of the LSM is affected by the factors like weakening of demand in the international and domestic market, inflation, high input costs, high government sector borrowing crowding out availability of credit to the private sector and acute energy shortages etc.

A comprehensive growth strategy is being evolved, to increase productivity, efficiency, and competitiveness of the Modaraba, and to ensure high growth rates that are both sustainable as well as more profitable.

The global economic environment has largely remained fragile. The advanced economies are still struggling to gain traction after making initial gains in stabilizing financial markets and avoiding the 2008 recession from becoming a 2011 depression. The emerging economies, on the other hand, are unwinding the expansionary policies and debating the trade-off between controlling inflation and handling substantial capital inflows. The turmoil in the oil-rich Middle East and North Africa (MENA) region and damage to the Japanese economy in the wake of an historic earthquake and tsunami has complicated matters further.

The government borrowing from scheduled banks, however, has increased substantially. It grew by 74.5 percent in FY11 and contributed 65 percent to the 15.9 percent growth in broad money (M2). The growth in private sector credit, on the other hand, was only 4 percent with negligible demand for fixed investment. These monetary trends show that the decline in aggregate demand is less than desirable and expansion in productive capacity of the economy remains weak. Lower fixed investment does not augur well for the economy since investment today means ability to produce tomorrow. Lagging investment would constrain future supply and possibly result in an increase in the output gap even if aggregate demand remains unchanged. In addition, relatively lower credit demand for fixed investment is because no major long term projects have been initiated in FY11. Failure to address the electricity shortages and dismal law and order conditions continue to have a dampening effect on the prospects of long term investment projects and higher growth in private sector credit.

Demand of corrugated packaging/ paper and boards products are derived demand stemming from industrial (and to some extent agricultural) growth. Thus industrial growth is pivotal to the growth of your Modaraba. The manufacturing sector has been hard hit by international and domestic factors. Besides, law and order and acute power outages, resulting in loss of working hours, this sector has also fallen victim to rising cost of production. Continuous power breakdowns are preventing industries from operating at far less than their optimal level. All these factors have caused a slowdown in output.

Under these volatile and unwieldy circumstances, maintaining good margins would be challenging and these can only be achieved through conscious approach and candid efforts by bringing in price rationalization, production efficiencies, improvement in operations [and keeping motivational thrust alive among stakeholders] and raw material sourcing.

Moreover, in a volatile business environment, operating at both types of leverages [financial & operational] can be risky particularly where financial costs are expected to increase because of the inflationary factors [and where financial leverage is unrelated to business outcome]. Thus your Modaraba has replaced bank borrowings with the equity through right certificates.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Rs. in 000'	2010-2011	2009-2010	% Change
Sales (net)	1,790,217	1,476,843	21.22%
Net Profit	123,228	48,516	153.99%
Earnings per Certificate	1.70	0.96	77.08%
Transfer to Statutory Reserve (50%)	61,614	24,258	153.99%
Book Value per Certificate	10.98	9.54	15.09%

SEGMENT-WISE ANALYSIS

	Corrugated	Corrugated Packaging		k Board	Soap	
Rs. in 000'	2010-2011	2009-2010	2010-2011	2009-2010	2010-2011	2009-2010
Gross Sales	1,127,943	1,099,524	147,958	35,069	870,810	622,498
Inter-Segment Sales	58,562	36,388	355,506	85,676	-	-
Less: Sales Tax & Excise	(167,332)	(156,779)	(23,342)	(4,999)	(165,820)	(118,470)
Total Sales	1,019,173	979,133	480,122	115,746	704,990	504,028
Gross Profit	80,956	78,516	9,629	(3,403)	95,087	43,888
Gross Profit %	7.94%	8.02%	2.01%	(2.94)%	13.49%	8.71%

CORRUGATED PACKAGING

Gross margins are maintained despite of less quantitative volumes through price rationalization and change in product mix. However, operating margins are reduced due to provision against doubtful debts.

Moreover, increase in tariff rates and power outages [and burden is felt in the shape of expensive in-house generation] and inflationary impact on salaries & wages [outsourced services], transportation costs were negative factors on net profitability during the year.

Efforts are being made to broaden the customer base through market diversification. However, raw material costs remained on the rising trend [and uncertain] during the period particularly due to the price hikes in international markets.

PAPER & BOARD

Paper & Board Mill has shown good volume growth during the year and also turned into Green. The size of the project is capable to produce an average of 30~40 Tons of papers per day but with the some modifications this capacity can be increased.

Fuel cost [that is the major component in the total cost] is the major area of concern. Power outages and non availability of Gas are adding difficulties to this Sector.

SOAPS

Soaps sales showed excellent growth over last period due to effective marketing mix. However, material costs remained volatile [and uncertain] during the period particularly international prices of tallow and palm oil attained the unprecedented hike. Moreover, energy costs [rates and costly in-house power generation due to power outages] were the major areas of concern during the year.

Sales & Marketing of Soap is being handled by Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited (GET). Despite of stringent conditions [due to fragile economy] your Modaraba is able to capitalize the all possible opportunities through GET's strong distribution network.

DIVIDEND

The Board is pleased to announce final cash dividend @ 6.94 % i.e. Re. 0.694 per Certificate of Rs. 10/each.

APPROPRIATIONS

	Rs. in '000
Profit for the Year	123,228
Un-appropriated loss brought forward	(47,457)
Available for Appropriation	75,771
Transferred to Statutory Reserves – 50% of the profit for the year	61,614
Profit distribution for the year – 90% of the [profit less reserves]	55,520
Un-appropriated loss carried forward	(41,363)
	` ' '

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Pakistan's place in the Global Competiveness Index is 118 out of 142 countries. The GCI ranks Pakistan in the first stage of factor driven development which carries higher weightage of basic requirements, an area in which Pakistan continues to be consistently poor. Amongst the indicators of basic requirements, macroeconomic indicators stand out as the most worrisome. Although the score has improved considerably compared to the previous year, the performance is far from satisfactory. The indicators like health, education and infrastructure are either deteriorated or shown no improvement. The hollow show perfectly coincides with the factors that are termed the most problematic for doing business in Pakistan. Political instability, bureaucratic red-tape and inadequate supply of infrastructure are on top of the list of problems.

However, Pakistan's market size is a massive plus for the country with a population of 180 million people. This mammoth number presents tremendous potential and scope for market development and expansion. Pakistan is brimming with potential but sadly that has long been the case without much effort in the direction to effectively tap this potential.

Pakistan's economy is currently facing three broad challenges in the shape of persistence of inflation at a high level, falling private investment and low growth. At the same time, severe energy shortages and dismal law and order conditions have rendered the domestic economic environment least conducive for productive activities.

But the management of your Modaraba is well aware of the posed challenges and is deploying most feasible marketing mix at trade and retail levels and is taking all possible measures to meet these challenges.

Your Modaraba is continually reviewing its business strategy to cope with the threats and has been incessantly endeavoring not only to tap alternative inexpensive sources of raw material/inputs but also trying to optimize the throughput. We continue our sustained efforts to improve the margins through process of continuous improvement and enhancement. Revenue avenues are being further explored through market development based on core competencies and product development.

CORRUGATED PACKAGING

As mentioned earlier, growth in overall growth is not encouraging due to various reasons. Moreover, the falling productivity due to severe energy shortages and deteriorating law and order conditions together with unanticipated and sporadic adjustments in the administered prices [that are also adding inertia to inflation] do not portray healthy picture. Industrial growth is pivotal to the growth of your Modaraba since the demand of Corrugation is derived demand stemming from industrial [and to some extent agriculture] growth. However, sustained efforts are being made to increase the sale volumes and margins.

PAPER & BOARD

Per-capita consumption of paper and board in Pakistan is still at very low levels. In the long run, paper and board industry in Pakistan is likely to flourish but in the medium term, Pakistan's economy is experiencing fiscal difficulties and if not addressed in time they do have a tendency to spillover to other sectors and disrupt real economic activities further. In the short run, pulp prices, which rose rapidly due to some supply problems and strong Asian demand, are expected to decelerate but to stay on high levels; electricity shortage, fuel costs etc. are the major area of concerns.

SOAP

Tallow Prices [along with Palm Oil Prices] are expected to calm down in the coming financial year that would have positive impact on the margins. Moreover, alternate sources for energy are being sought. Moreover, improvement plan in the manufacturing process has been chalked out and will be implemented this year.

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

In compliance with the Code, the Board of Directors of Modaraba Company states that:

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of Modaraba, fairly present its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the Modaraba have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies are consistently applied by your Modaraba in the preparation of financial statements, and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of these financial statements and any departure there from, if any, has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of Internal Control, being implemented in your Modaraba is sound and has been effectively persisted throughout the year.
- Keeping in view the financial position of your Modaraba, we do not have any significant doubt upon its continuance as a going concern.
- There also has not been any material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations, during the year under review.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year the Board of Directors of Modaraba Company has met 07 times and the attendance at each of these meetings is as follows:-

	No. of Meetings attended
Syed Shahid Ali	07
Muhammad Shafique Anjum	07
Shahid Zia	07
Syed Sheharyar Ali	07

AUDIT COMMITTEE

In compliance with the Code, the Board of Directors of your Modaraba Company has established an Audit Committee. Currently Audit Committee has following members:-

1. Mr. Shafique Anjum	Chairman
2. Syed Shahid Ali	Member
3. Shahid Zia	Member

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The tenure of present directors [of Modaraba Company] was ended on September 30, 2011 and accordingly election was held on September 30, 2011 to elect four directors of the Company for next term of three years commencing from October 01, 2011. The retiring directors being eligible filed their intentions to contest the election and following persons were elected directors [subject to the approval of the Registrar Modaraba] for next term of three years:-

- 1. Syed Shahid Ali
- 2. Syed Sheharyar Ali
- 3. Mr. Muhammad Shafique Anjum
- 4. Mr. Shahid Zia

INTERNAL AUDIT

In compliance with the Code, the Board of Directors of your Modaraba Company has also established an Internal Audit Function to monitor and review the adequacy and implementation of Internal Controls at each level of your Modaraba.

AUDITORS

The Audit Committee of your Modaraba Company has recommended that, the present auditors, Messers Hyder Bhimji & Co., Chartered Accountants due to retire and being eligible, are offering themselves for reappointment, may be appointed as auditors of your Modaraba Company for another term. Subject to approval by the Registrar of Modaraba Companies and Modarabas, their appointment has been confirmed by the Board.

PATTERN OF CERTIFICATE-HOLDING

The pattern of certificate-holding of your Modaraba as on June 30, 2011 is annexed with this report. This statement is in accordance with the amendments made through the Code.

HR & ADMINISTRATION

Complete HR Function is outsourced to associated company TCL Labor-Hire Company (Private) Limited who is labor hire company specialized in providing workforce to host companies under service agreement and taking all responsibilities of the workforce.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board would like to take this opportunity to express gratitude and thanks to our valuable customers for their patronage and support, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the Lahore Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited and Modaraba Association of Pakistan for their continuous support and guidance.

Special thanks to our certificate holders for the trust and confidence reposed in us.

For and on behalf of the Board

Syed Shahid AliChief Executive Officer

LAHORE: October 06, 2011

Statement of Compliance With Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance for the year ended June 30, 2011

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in the Regulations of the Lahore Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited the purpose of establishing framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Modaraba has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- 1. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including this company.
- 2. All the directors of the company are registered as tax payers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFC or being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- **3.** The Modaraba has prepared a Statement of Ethics and Business Practices, which has been signed by all directors of the Modaraba.
- 4. The Board has developed a vision/ mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Modaraba along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- **5.** All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions have been taken on the Board. The terms of appointment and remuneration package of the CEO and directors are not approved by the Board as they are nominees of Treet Corporation Limited (holding Company of the Modaraba Company).
- **6.** The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working paper were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 7. The directors are fully aware of the relevant laws applicable to the Modaraba, its policies and procedures and provisions of the Prospectus to manage the affairs of the Modaraba on behalf of the certificate holders.
- **8.** The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- **9.** The financial statements of the Modaraba were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- **10.** The Directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the certificates of the Modaraba other than that disclosed in the pattern of holding of certificates.
- **11.** The Modaraba has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 12. The meetings of the audit committee are held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Modaraba as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.

- **13.** The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function.
- 14. The statutory auditors of the Modaraba had confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold certificates of the Modaraba and that the firm and all of its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- **15.** The statutory auditors or the person associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- **16.** We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been substantially complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

LAHORE:

October 06, 2011

Syed Shahid Ali
Chief Executive Officer

Review Report to the Certificate Holders on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of the Code Of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited (the Modaraba Management Company) in respect of First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba (the Modaraba) to comply with the Listing Regulations of the Lahore Stock Exchange, where the Modaraba is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Modaraba Management Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Modaraba's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Modaraba's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control systems to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such internal controls.

Further, sub-regulations (xiii a) of the Listing Regulations 35 notified by the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited vide circular KSE/N-269 dated January 19, 2009 requires the Modaraba to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Modaraba's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2011.

LAHORE:

October 06, 2011

HYDER BHIMJI & CO. Chartered Accountants (Shabir Ahmad, FCA)

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Auditors' Report to the Certificate-Holders

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba** as at June 30, 2011 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (hereinafter referred to as the financial statements), for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

These financial statements are the Modaraba company's [Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited] responsibility who is also responsible to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the Modaraba company, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Modaraba Company in respect of First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba as required by Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981
- (b) in our opinion:
 - i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in agreement with accounting policies consistently applied except for the changes as described in note 2.2 with which we concur;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Modaraba's business;
 - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects, terms and conditions of the Modaraba;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Modaraba's affairs as at June 30, 2011 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Modaraba and deposited in the central Zakat fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

HYDER BHIMJI & CO. Chartered Accountants (Shabir Ahmad, FCA)

LAHORE: October 06, 2011

Balance Sheet

as at June 30, 2011

	Note	2011 (Rupees ir	2010 n thousand)
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Long term deposits	4 5	341,557 11,492	323,704 11,914
		353,049	335,618
CURRENT ASSETS Stores and spares Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Tax refunds due from the Government Cash and bank balances	6 7 8 9 10 11	57,155 386,669 262,662 240,094 70,251 58,762 1,075,593	39,422 182,444 238,858 78,294 34,749 38,627
TOTAL ASSETS		1,428,642	948,012
CERTIFICATE CAPITAL Authorized 100,000,000 (2010: 100,000,000) Modaraba certificates of Rs. 10 each		1,000,000	1,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up Statutory reserve Accumulated loss Certificate-holders' equity	12 13	800,000 85,872 (7,683) 878,189	500,000 24,258 (47,457) 476,801
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Due to Modaraba Company CURRENT LIABILITIES	14	457,111	206,690
Short term finance Trade and other payables	15 16	93,342	200,000 64,521
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	17	93,342	264,521
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,428,642	948,012

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Syed Shahid AliChief Executive Officer

Muhammad Shafique Anjum
Director

LAHORE: October 06, 2011

Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended June 30, 2011

	Note	2011 (Rupees ir	2010 n thousand)
Net sales	18	1,790,217	1,476,843
Cost of goods sold	19	(1,604,545)	(1,357,842)
Gross profit		185,672	119,001
Operating expenses			
Administrative	20	9,285	9,864
Selling and distribution	21	51,606	34,858
		60,891	44,722
Operating Profit		124,781	74,279
Other operating income	22	6,383	7,841
Finance cost	23	(7,936)	(33,604)
Profit for the year		123,228	48,516
Earning per Modaraba certificate- Basic and diluted	29	1.70	0.96

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

LAHORE: October 06, 2011

Syed Shahid Ali Chief Executive Officer Muhammad Shafique Anjum Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended June 30, 2011

	2011 (Rupees ii	2010 n thousand)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	123,228	48,516
Total comprehensive income	123,228	48,516

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Syed Shahid Ali **Chief Executive Officer** **Muhammad Shafique Anjum** Director

LAHORE: October 06, 2011

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended June 30, 2011

r	Note	2011 (Rupees in	2010 thousand)
Cash flow from operating activities		422.220	40.546
Profit before taxation		123,228	48,516
Adjustment for non-cash and other items: Depreciation		26,144	17,172
Finance cost		7,936	33,604
		34,080	50,776
Operating profit before working capital changes		157,308	99,292
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets:			
Stores and spares Stock in trade		(17,734)	(25,027)
Trade debts		(204,225) (23,803)	42,395 (105,377)
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(161,800)	2,978
Tax refunds due from the Government		(35,502)	(24,704)
Long term deposits		422	(14,934
		(442,642)	(124,669)
Increase in operating liabilities: Trade and other payables		28,821	37,023
Cash (outflow) / inflow after working capital changes		(256,513)	11,646
Finance cost paid		(7,936)	(33,604)
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(264,449)	(21,958
Cash flow from investing activities		(222)	(
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(21,430)	(9,212)
Capital work in progress		(22,566)	(101,668)
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(43,996)	(110,880)
Cash flow from financing activities Profit distributed		(21.940)	
Issue of certificate capital		(21,840) 300,000	
Change in short term finance		(200,000)	(100,000
Change in balance due to Modaraba Company		250,420	206,690
Net cash inflow from financing activities		328,580	106,690
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		20,135	(26,148
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		38,627	64,775
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	11	58,762	38,627

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

LAHORE: October 06, 2011 Syed Shahid Ali Chief Executive Officer Muhammad Shafique Anjum
Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended June 30, 2011

	Certificate Capital	Statutory Reserve	Accumulated Loss	Total
		(Rupees	in thousand)	
Balance as at June 30, 2009	500,000	-	(71,715)	428,285
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	48,516	48,516
Transfer to statutory reserve @ 50%	-	24,258	(24,258)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2010	500,000	24,258	(47,457)	476,801
Profit distribution for the year 2010 @ 90% of profit	-	-	(21,840)	(21,840)
Certificate capital issued	300,000	-	-	300,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	123,228	123,228
Transfer to statutory reserve @ 50%	-	61,614	(61,614)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2011	800,000	85,872	(7,683)	878,189

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Syed Shahid Ali **Chief Executive Officer** **Muhammad Shafique Anjum** Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2011

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba "the Modaraba" is a multi purpose, perpetual and multi dimensional Modaraba formed on July 27, 2005 under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 and Rules framed there-under and is managed by Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of Treet Corporation Limited), incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and registered with the Registrar of Modaraba Companies. The registered office of the Modaraba is situated at 72 - B, Kot Lakhpat, Industrial Area, Lahore. The Modaraba is listed on Lahore Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited. The Modaraba is engaged in the manufacture and sale of Corrugated Boxes, Paper and Soap.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and made applicable to Modaraba under Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, the provisions or the directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980. In case requirements differ, the provisions or the directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 shall prevail.

2.2 Standards, Interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards adopted during the year

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as described below:

New and amended standards and interpretations

The Modaraba has adopted the following new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretation which become effective during the year:

IFRS-2	Share based Payment-Group Cash settled Share based Payment Arrangements
IAS-32	Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Rights Issue (Amendment)
IFRIC-19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

Improvements to various standards issued by IASB

Issued in 2009

Non-Current Assets Held for Sales and Discontinued Operations
Operating Segments
Presentation of Financial Statements
Statement of Cash Flows Presentation of Financial Statements
Leases
Impairments of Assets
Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

reference dete

Issued in May 2010

IFRS-3 Business Combinations

IAS-27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

The adoption of the above standards, amendments/improvements and interpretations did not have any effect on the financial statements.

The Modaraba has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendments that has been issued but is not yet effective.

2.3 Standards, Interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standare Interpre		(periods beginning on or after)
IAS-1	Presentation of Financial Statements-Amendments to revise the way other comprehensive income is presented	July 01, 2012
IFRS-7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures-Amendments enhancing disclosures about transfers of financial assets	July 01, 2011
IAS-12	Income Tax (Amendment)-Deferred Taxes: Recovery of underlying assets	January 01, 2012
IAS - 19	Employee Benefits-Amended Standard resulting from the post-employment benefits and termination benefits projects	January 01, 2013
IAS - 24	Related Party Disclosures (Revised)	January 01, 2011
IAS-27	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statement	January 01, 2013
IAS-28	Investment in Associates: Investment in Associates and Joint Venture	January 01, 2013
IFRIC-14	IAS-19 :Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement (Amendment)	January 01, 2011

The modaraba expects that the adoption of the above standards and interpretations will not have any material impact on its financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, amendments to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2011. These include changes in terminology and accounting requirements. The modaraba expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the modaraba's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

IFRS-9	Financial Instruments	January 01, 2015
IFRS-10	Consolidated Financial Statements	January 01, 2013
IFRS-11	Joint Arrangements	January 01, 2013
IFRS-12	Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities	January 01, 2013
IFRS-13	Fair Value Measurement	January 01, 2013

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. In these financial statements, except for the cash flow statement, all the transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgments that effect the application of policies and reported amount of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events.

The estimates and underline assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revisions effect only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if revisions effect both current and future periods.

Significant areas requiring the use of the management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life of the depreciable assets and provision for doubtful receivables. However, assumptions and judgments made by management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

3.2 Taxation

Current

Under the current tax law, the income of non-trading Modaraba is exempt from income tax provided it distributes 90% of its profit as cash dividend to the certificate holders out of current year's total profit after appropriating statutory reserves under section 37 of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (floatation and control) Ordinance, 1980.

Where such profit is not distributed, provision for tax is made on taxable income at the current tax rates applicable to Modaraba after taking into account the available tax exemptions and tax credits, if any.

Deferred

The Modaraba accounts for deferred taxation on all material temporary differences using the liability method. However, deferred tax liability has not been recognised in these financial statements as the management believes that the future income of Modaraba will not be taxable in the foreseeable future due to the fact that the Modaraba intends to continue availing the tax exemption through profit distribution to the extent of 90 % of distributable profit.

3.3 Staff retirement benefits

Complete HR function is outsourced to associated undertaking TCL Labor-Hire Company (Private) Limited, which is labor hire company specialized in providing workforce to host companies under service agreement and took all responsibilities of the staff retirement benefits of the workforce.

3.4 Trade and other payables

These are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received whether billed to the Modaraba or not.

3.5 Property, plant and equipment

Operating assets

- a) Operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any except for land which is stated at cost. Cost in relation to the assets comprises acquisition and other directly attributable costs.
- b) Depreciation on operating fixed assets is charged to profit on straight line method so as to write off the historical cost of an asset over its estimated useful life at the annual rates mentioned in note 4 to the financial statements. The depreciation is charged on property, plant and equipment from the day that an asset is available for use till the day the asset is retired from active use or is transferred to a disposal group.
- c) Subsequent expenditure relating to an item of property, plant and equipment that has already been recognized is added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset, will flow to the company. Routine repair and maintenance is charged to income as and when incur.
- d) Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are credited or charged to income in the year of disposal.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress represents expenditure on property, plant and equipment in the course of construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant category of property, plant and equipment as and when assets are available for use. Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost, less any identified impairment loss.

3.6 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of moving average cost and net realizable value except for items in transit, which are valued at invoice price and related expenses incurred upto the balance sheet date. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost to complete and cost necessary to make the sale.

3.7 Stock in trade

These have been valued on the basis of lower of cost and net realisable value, the cost is determined as under:

BASIS

Raw material and chemicals

Purchases Moving average cost

In transit At actual cost.

Goods in process At production cost.

Finished goods

Own production Production cost In transit At actual cost.

Production cost consists of prime cost and proportionate production overheads. While net realizable value means the selling prices in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost of completion and incidental selling expenses.

3.8 Trade and other receivables

These are carried at amounts recognized at the time of transaction less an estimate of doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off when identified, while debts considered doubtful of recovery, if any, are fully provided for in these financial statements.

3.9 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Modaraba's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised recoverable amount but limited to the extent of the initial cost of the asset. A reversal of the impairment loss is recognized as income in the profit and loss account.

3.10 Financial instruments

Recognition and measurement

The financial assets and liabilities are recognized at cost when the Modaraba becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the Modaraba loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset and in case of financial liability

when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Financial instruments includes trade debts, advances, deposits, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, demand finance and due to Modaraba company. Any gain or loss on subsequent remeasurement to fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to profit and loss account on occurrence.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and liability is offset against each other and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the company has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and intends either to settle on net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash equivalents are short term highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant changes.

3.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Modaraba has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. However, provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainities surrounding the obligation.

3.13 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss account whenever incurred.

3.14 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Pak Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak rupees at the rate of exchange ruling on the terminal date. Exchange gains and losses are included in the income currently.

3.15 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Modaraba. An operating segment is a component of the Modaraba that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Modaraba's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the CEO to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the CEO include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly liabilities. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment.

The business segments are engaged in providing products which are subject to risks and rewards which differ from the risks and rewards of other segments. Segments reported are Packaging solutions, Paper and board mill and Soap, which also reflects the management structure of the Modaraba.

3.16 Profit distribution

Profit distribution is recognized in the period in which it is legally declared and distributed.

3.17 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the company to do so.

3.18 Revenue recognition

- (i) Income from sale of goods is recognized when significant risk and rewards are transferred to the customers i.e. on dispatch of goods to customers.
- (ii) Return on bank deposits and investments is accounted for on accrual basis, using the applicable rate of return.

		Note	2011 (Rupees ii	2010 n thousand)
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS			
	Operating fixed assets - Tangible Capital work-in-progress	4.1 4.2	307,875 33,682	312,589 11,115
			341,557	323,704

4.1	Oper	ating fixed assets			2	0 1	1			
				COST		DFP	RECIAT	LON		
			As at	Additions /	As at	As at	For	As at	Net book value	
	P	ARTICULARS	July 01,	Transfers	June 30,	July 01,	the year	June 30,	as at June 30,	RATE
			2010		2011	2010		2011	2011	%
					Figu	res in Rs. '(000s			
	OWNE		42.000		42.000				42.000	
		freehold ngs and civil works	43,000	-	43,000	-	-	-	43,000	-
		eehold land	108,255	-	108,255	10,396	5,413	15,809	92,446	5
		ehold land	-	4,791	4,791	-	-	_	4,791	5
		and machinery	205,453		221,977	34,531	20,553	55,084	166,893	10
		ure and equipment uter equipment	315 560	115	430 560	10 57	38 140	48 197	382 363	10 25
	Compi	uter equipment	300		300					23
			357,583	21,430	379,013	44,994	26,144	71,138	307,875	
					2	0 1	0			
				COST		DEP	RECIAT	ION		
			As at		As at	As at	For	As at	Net book value	
	P	ARTICULARS	July 01,	Additions	June 30,	July 01,	the year	June 30,	as at June 30,	RATE
			2009		2010	2009		2010	2010	%
				Figu	ures in Rs. '0	00s				
	OWNE		25.000	40.000	42.000				42,000	
		freehold ngs and civil works on	25,000	18,000	43,000	-	-	-	43,000	-
		nold land	55,959	52,296	108,255	6,531	3,865	10,396	97,859	5
		ngs and civil works on Phold land								5
		and machinery	91,210	114,243	205,453	21,291	13,240	34,531	170,922	10
		ure and equipment	-	315	315	-	10	10	305	10
	Compi	uter equipment	-	560	560	-	57	57	503	25
			172,169	185,414	357,583	27,822	17,172	44,994	312,589	
							2	.011	2010	
						Note		(Rupees i	n thousand)	
	4.2	CAPITAL WORK	IN PROGRI	ESS						
		Civil work						21,452	1	,791
		Plant and machin	nerv					12,230		,324
		Tiant and macini	ПСГУ							
								33,682	11	,115
	4.3	The depreciation	charge fo	r the year	has been	allocated	to Cost	of Sales as	s under:	
		Packaging Solution	ons - Corru	igated box	es	19.1		12,854	11	,954
		Paper and Board		_		19.2		12,742		,201
		Soap	·			19.3		548		17
								26,144	17	,172
								20,177	17	, _ , _

		Note	2011 (Rupees i	2010 n thousand)
5.	LONG TERM DEPOSITS - against			
	Supply of utilities Rented plant and premises Others	5.1	11,111 343 38	11,101 775 38
			11,492	11,914

5.1 This includes various interest free security deposits given to Khatoon Industries Limited (KIL) for the use of its assets by the Modaraba's Soap division for a period of five years which are adjustable against monthly rentals.

6. STORES AND SPARES

Stores	6.1	36,210	16,453
Spares		20,945	22,969
		57,155	39,422

6.1 This includes spares in transit amounting to Rs. 1.83 million (2010 : 4.49 million).

7. STOCK-IN-TRADE

Raw material and chemicals	7.1 & 7.2	310,804	102,420
Packing material		24,382	24,308
Work-in-process		18,256	28,976
Finished goods		33,227	26,740
		386,669	182,444

- 7.1 This includes raw material in transit amounting to Rs. 57.01 million (2010: 25.95 million).
- **7.2** This includes raw material amounting to Rs. 37.23 million (2010 : Nil) held by third party at the terminal date.

8. TRADE DEBTS - Unsecured

Due from Modaraba Company - considered good Customers' account	8.1	-	24,173
Considered good Considered doubtful		262,662 10,460	214,685
		273,122	214,685
Less: Provision for doubtful debts		273,122 (10,460)	238,858
		262,662	238,858

8.1 Maximum aggregated amount due from Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited - Modaraba Company, at the end of any month is Rs.348 million (2010 : Rs.52.615 million).

	Note	2011 (Rupees ii	2010 n thousand)
9.	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - Considered good		
	Advances to suppliers Prepayments Current portion of long term deposits Other receivables	235,423 2,491 775 1,405	61,201 11,519 3,060 2,514
		240,094	78,294
10.	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM THE GOVERNMENT		
	Sales tax receivable Income tax refundable	30,021 40,230	11,936 22,813
		70,251	34,749
11.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash in hand Cash at bank:	15	-
	in current accounts in saving accounts 11.1	1,981 56,766	2,864 35,763
		58,747	38,627
		58,762	38,627

^{11.1} The balances in saving accounts carry profit ranging between 11.25% to 12.00%. (2010: 10.5% to 11.25%).

12. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CERTIFICATE CAPITAL

12.1 Issued, subscribed and paid-up certificate capital

2011 2010 Number of Certificates

79,999,998	49,999,999	Modaraba certificates of Rs 10 each fully paid up in cash	າ 12.3	800,000	500,000
79,999,998	49,999,999			800,000	500,000
12.2 Reconciliation of number of certificates					
Number of certificates as at 01 July Right issue of certificates during the year				49,999,999 29,999,999	49,999,999 -
Number of certificates as at 30 June			79,999,998	49,999,999	

12.3 The managing Company i.e. Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited holds 8,012,500 (2010: 7,362,211) certificates and Treet Corporation Limited, holding company of the Modaraba company holds 71,855,897 (2010: 42,540,537) certificates of Rs. 10 each.

		2011 (Rupees i	2010 n thousand)
13.	STATUTORY RESERVES		
	Statutory reserve	85,872	24,258

This represents profit set aside in compliance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, which is not available for distribution.

14. DUE TO MODARABA COMPANY - Unsecured

Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited 457,111 206,690

This amount represents finance extended by Modaraba company out of the total approved limit of Rs. 650 million (2010 : Rs.650 million) to meet the initial financial requirements of the Modaraba's projects. It is repayable as and when deemed appropriate by the Modaraba either partially or in full instead of regular periodic installments.

15. SHORT TERM FINANCE

Istisna facility - 200,000

This represents the facility provided by BankIslami Pakistan Limited out of the total approved limit of Rs. 200 million to finance on-going operations of the Modaraba, which was paid off during the year.

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Creditors	23,169	32,595
	Payable to associated undertakings:		
	TCL Labor Hire Company (Private) Limited	-	15,469
		23,169	48,064
	Accrued liabilities	66,486	9,580
	Advances from customers	1,331	6,419
	Income tax deducted at source payable	2,356	458
		93,342	64,521
17.	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		
	CONTINUE MILES AND COMMITMENTS		
	17.1 Commitments in respect of:		
	Letters of credit	1 827	4 489

		No	te	2011 (Rupees ir	2010 n thousand)	
18.	SALES	S - Net				
	Paper and Board Mill - Paper 18		8.1 8.2 8.3	1,019,173 480,122 704,990	979,133 115,746 504,028	
	Total sales for reportable segments Elimination of inter-segment sales			2,204,285 (414,068)	1,598,907 (122,064)	
				1,790,217	1,476,843	
	18.1	Packaging Solutions - Corrugated boxes				
		Local Sales External customers Inter-segment Associated undertaking - Treet Corporation Limited	d	1,120,967 58,562 6,976	1,087,714 36,388 11,810	
				1,186,505	1,135,912	
		Less - Sales tax Less - Excise duty		(153,656) (13,676)	(147,117) (9,662)	
				1,019,173	979,133	
	18.2	Paper and Board Mill - Paper				
		Local Sales External customers Inter-segment		147,958 355,506	35,069 85,676	
				503,464	120,745	
		Less - Sales tax Less - Excise duty		(21,185) (2,157)	(4,698) (301)	
				480,122	115,746	
	18.3	Soap				
		Local Sales External customers Inter-segment		19,218	53,606	
		Modaraba company - Global Econo Trade (Private) Limit Associated undertaking - Treet Corporation Limited		850,486 1,106	567,089 1,803	
		Less - Sales tax Less - Excise duty		870,810 (154,920) (10,900)	622,498 (108,953) (9,517)	
				704,990	504,028	

			Note	2011 (Rupees in	2010 thousand)
19.	COST	OF GOODS SOLD			
		nging Solutions - Corrugated boxes r and Board Mill - Paper	19.1 19.2 19.3	938,217 470,493 609,903	900,617 119,149 460,140
		Cost of sales for reportable segments nation of inter-segment purchases		2,018,613 (414,068)	1,479,906 (122,064
				1,604,545	1,357,842
	19.1	Cost of goods sold - Packaging Solutions			
		Opening stock Add: Purchases		33,515	218,830
		Inter-segment Others		355,506 543,589	85,676 513,195
		Less: Closing stock		899,095 (142,616)	598,871 (33,515
		Raw and packing material consumed Stores and spares consumed Out-sourced manpower cost Fuel and power Repair and maintenance Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Traveling and conveyance Other manufacturing expenses Depreciation		789,994 29,945 59,935 38,572 4,064 83 1,332 1,038 1,489 12,854	784,186 20,156 56,977 22,381 2,574 218 3,891 744 1,725
		Work-in-process		939,306	904,806
		Add - Opening stock Less - Closing stock		5,108 (3,575)	1,914 (5,108
				1,533	(3,194
		Finished goods		940,839	901,612
		Add - Opening stock Less - Closing stock		5,090 (7,712)	4,095 (5,090
				(2,622)	(995
				938,217	900,617

	N	lote	2011 (Rupees in	2010 thousand)
19.2	Cost of goods sold - Paper and Board Mill			
	Opening stock Add: Purchases		12,378	
	Inter-segment Others		51,932 279,594	25,499 55,062
	Less: Closing stock		331,526 (42,412)	80,561 (12,378
	Raw and packing material consumed Stores and spares consumed Out-sourced manpower cost Fuel and power Repair and maintenance Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Other manufacturing expenses		301,492 16,158 36,863 99,678 5,152 192 1,017 990	68,183 3,286 19,842 23,435 1,326 129
	Depreciation		12,742	5,201
	Finished goods Add: Opening stock Less: Closing stock		474,284 2,897 (6,688)	122,046
			(3,791)	(2,897
19.3	Cost of goods sold - Soap		470,493	119,149
	Opening stock Add: Purchases Inter-segment Others		80,835 6,629 489,034	10,889 522,257
	Less: Closing stock		495,663 (55,918)	533,146 (80,835)
	Raw and packing material consumed Stores and spares consumed Out-sourced manpower cost Fuel and power Repair and maintenance Plant rental Insurance Fee and subscription Other manufacturing expenses Depreciation		520,580 6,094 19,275 38,621 637 7,740 507 166 6,624 548	452,312 4,970 14,826 17,599 594 6,900 133 27 5,379
	Work in process		600,792	502,760
	Add - Opening stock Less - Closing stock		23,868 (14,682)	(23,868
			9,186	(23,868
	Finished goods		609,978	478,892
	Add - Opening stock Less - Closing stock		18,752 (18,827)	(18,752
			(75)	(18,752
			609,903	460,140

		Note	2011 (Rupees ir	2010 n thousand)
20.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Out-sourcing of manpower		5,991	3,89
	Legal and professional		2,064	4,66
	Auditors' remuneration	20.1	750	53
	Postage and telephone		97	13
	Vehicle running and maintenance		-	10
	Printing and stationery		229	20
	Advertisement		-	19
	Others		154	14
			9,285	9,86
	20.1 Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		500	40
	Half yearly review		200	10
	Out of pocket expenses		50	3
			750	53
21.	SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
	Out-sourcing of manpower		4,870	4,69
	Legal and professional charges		32	55
	Provision for doubtful debts		10,460	
	Staff training		35	
	Freight and forwarding		34,295	28,1
	Rent, rates and taxes		691	56
	Printing and stationery		358	:
	Postage and telephone		615	29
	Traveling and conveyance		92	6
	Advertisement		158	51
			51,606	34,85
22	OTHER OPERATING INCOME			
	land the first fir			
	Income from financial assets:		4 202	4.7.
	Profit from bank on saving accounts		4,203	4,74
	Income from assets other than financial assets:			
	Sale of scrap		2,180	3,09
			6,383	7,8

					2011 (Rupe	es in thousa	2010 nd)
23.	FINANCE COST						
	Profit on demand finance Bank charges Exchange loss on import				_	54 80 02	31,665 965 974
					7,9	36	33,604
24.	MATURITY OF ASSETS AND LIAB	ILITIES		2	011		
		Up to one month	One month to three months	1	One year to to five	Five years and above	Total
		••••		•	<u> </u>		•••••
	Financial assets						
	Long term deposits Trade debts Advances, deposits, prepayments	-	- 262,662		- 11,111 	381	11,492 262,662
	and other receivables Cash and bank balances	- 58,762	986 -			-	986 58,762
		58,762	263,648		- 11,111	381	333,902
	Financial liabilities						
	Demand finance Due to Modaraba Company Trade and other payables	- - 92,011	- - -	457,11	 1 -	- - -	- 457,111 92,011
	,	92,011	-	457,11	1 -	-	549,122
				2	010		
		Up to one month	One month to three months	Three months one yea		Five years and above	Total
	Financial assets	••••••		Rupees	in '000s		•••••
	Long term deposits Trade debts Advances, deposits, prepayments	-	238,858		- 4,638 	10,336	14,974 238,858
	and other receivables Cash and bank balances	- 38,627	2,345 -			-	2,345 38,627
		38,627	241,203		- 4,638	10,336	294,804
	Financial liabilities						
	Demand finance Due to Modaraba Company Trade and other payables	- - 58,102	- - -	200,00 206,69		- - -	200,000 206,690 58,102
		58,102	-	406,69	0 -	-	464,792

25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Modaraba has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk Liquidity risk Market risk

This note presents information about the Modaraba's exposure to each of the above risks, the Modaraba's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Modaraba's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors of Modaraba Management Company "the Board" has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Modaraba's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Modaraba's risk management policies.

The Modaraba's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Modaraba, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Modaraba's activities. The Modaraba, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Modaraba's Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Modaraba's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Modaraba.

(a) Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter party to the financial instrument fails to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 333.902 (2010: Rs 294.804) million, the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 334.887 (2010: Rs. 294.804) million.

Credit risk related to receivables

The management monitors and limits Modaraba's exposure to credit risk through monitoring of clients' credit exposure, reviews and conservative estimates of provisions for doubtful receivables, if any.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Note	2011 (Rupees ir	2010 n thousand)
Financial assets			
Long term loans and deposits	5	11,492	11,914
Trade debts	8	262,662	238,858
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	9	986	5,405
Cash and bank balances	11	58,762	38,627
		333,902	294,804

The credit quality of Modaraba's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

Banks	Rat	Rating			
	Short term	Short term Long term		2011	2010
			(1	Rupees in	thousand)
MCB Bank Limited United Bank Limited	A1+ A-1+	AA+ AA+	PACRA	501	1
BankIslami Pakistan Limited Barclays Bank PLC	A-1+ A1 A-1+	Α	JCR-VIS PACRA Standard & Poor's	1,482 846 15,629	2,757 5 9,637
National Bank of Pakistan Habib Bank Limited	A-1+ A-1+ A-1+	AAA AA+	JCR-VIS JCR-VIS	414	546 126
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	10,010	-
NIB Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited	A1+ A-1+	AA - AA	PACRA JCR-VIS & PACRA	2,234 27,277	25,555 -
				58,747	38,627

Due to the Modaraba's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Modaraba. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.

	2011 (Rupees ii	2010 n thousand)
Geographically all credit exposure is concentrated in Pakistan.		
The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the reporting date by type of customer was:		
Agriculture	_	72
Auto and allied	-	1,095
Chemical and Pharmaceutical	14,189	20,594
Confectioneries	7,472	8,243
Cotton & Garments	29	-
Distributor - Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited	-	24,173
Food and beverages	58,982	43,766
Home appliances	5,934	807
Paper and board	2,243	32,255
Personal care	364	47
Services	-	3,268
Soap & Detergents	2,282	-
Sports	1,833	751
Textile	118,368	97,381
Miscellaneous	61,426	6,406
	273,122	238,858

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Modaraba will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding to an adequate amount of committed obligations of the business. The Modaraba's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Modaraba's reputation.

The maturity profile of the Modaraba's financial liabilities based on the contractual amounts is disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices will affect the Modaraba's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

Exposure to currency risk

The Modaraba has no exposure to foreign currency risk at balance sheet date.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Modaraba does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. The Modaraba does not have any derivatives (interest rate swaps) hedging instruments.

Capital management

The Modaraba's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Modaraba's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for certificate holders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses. The Modaraba manages its capital structure which comprises capital and reserves by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. The Modaraba is required under SECP prudential regulations for Modarabas to distribute 90 % of its profits as dividend. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, it appropriates the amounts to capital reserves or/and issue new certificates.

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

A. Related parties with whom Modaraba had transactions

Modaraba in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties which comprise of the following:

i. Modaraba company

Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited

ii. Associated undertakings

- o Treet Corporation Limited
- o TCL-Labor Hire Company (Private) Limited
- o IGI Insurance Limited
- o Packages Limited

B. Disclosure of balances and transactions between Modaraba and related parties

Amounts due to and from related parties / associated undertakings are shown under the relevant notes to the financial statements, other significant transactions with related parties are given below:

2011

2010

Name of the party	Nature of transactions			
IGI Insurance Limited	Services received	2,250	703	
Packages Limited	Purchases	80,228	107,627	
Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited	-			
Modaraba Company	Sales	687,385	460,435	
TCL Labor-Hire Company (Private)				
Limited	Services received	92,313	83,931	
Treet Corporation Limited	Sales - Boxes	5,906	10,092	
	- Soaps	925	1,541	

All the transactions with the related parties are executed in the normal course of business, on an arm's length basis. All other transactions have been carried out on the basis of mutually agreed terms and conditions.

27. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

		ted capacity /I.Tons	Annual production in M.Tons		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Corrugated boxes and					
sheets (Note - 27.1)	30,000	30,000	19,187	23,494	
Paper and board (Note - 27.2)	15,000	15,000	9,907	3,289	
Soap	5,000	5,000	4,800	4,786	

- **27.1** Drop in production for the year is mainly due to change in product mix.
- **27.2** This plant became operational in the mid of February 2010 due to which only four and a half months' capacity was attained.

28. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

As at 30 June 2011 the Modaraba is engaged into three main business segments.

- (i) Manufacture and sale of Packaging material Corrugated boxes
- (ii) Manufacture and sale of Paper and board Paper and;
- (iii) Manufacture and sale of soaps

	Pack	aging	Paper & board		d Soaps		Tota	al
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
				Rupees	in thousand-			
Sales								
Inter-segment Others	58,562 1,127,943	36,388 1,099,524	355,506 147,958	85,676 35,069	- 870,810	622,498	414,068 2,146,711	122,064 1,757,091
	1,186,505	1,135,912	503,464	120,745	870,810	622,498	2,560,779	1,879,155
Less: Sales tax Excise duty	153,656 13,676	147,117 9,662	21,185 2,157	4,698 301	154,920 10,900	108,953 9,517	329,761 26,733	
	167,332	156,779	23,342	4,999	165,820	118,470	356,494	280,248
Net sales Cost of sales (Note - 19)	1,019,173 (938,217)	979,133 (900,617)	480,122 (470,493)	115,746 (119,149)	704,990 (609,903)	504,028 (460,140)	2,204,285 (2,018,613)	1,598,907 (1,479,906)
Gross profit Administrative expenses (Note - 28.5) Distribution cost (Note - 28.6)	80,956 (7,615) (50,893)	78,516 (5,480) (34,234)	9,629 (937) (560)	(3,403) (348)	95,087 (733) (153)	43,888 (4,036) (624)	185,672 (9,285) (51,606)	•
Operating profit / segment results	22,448	38,802	8,132	(3,751)	94,201	39,228	124,781	74,279
Finance cost (Note - 23) Other operating income (Note - 22)							(7,936) 6,383	(33,604) 7,841
Profit for the year							123,228	48,516

- **28.1** Inter-segment sales have been eliminated from the total.
- 28.2 Transactions among the business segments are recorded at arm's length prices using admissible valuation methods.

		Pack	Packaging Pap		board Soaps		ıps	Total	
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
					Rupees i	n thousand			
28.3	Segment assets	1,271,263	536,054	14,727	215,584	142,652	196,374	1,428,642	948,012
28.4	Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities - Certificate holders' equity	532,452	448,754	12,273	13,295	5,727	9,162	550,452 878,190	471,211 476,801
								1,428,642	948,012

		Packa	nging	Paper &	board	Soa	ps	Tota	I
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
					Rupees ir	thousand-			
28.5	Administrative expenses								
	Out-sourcing of manpower	5,443	3,548	548	342	-	-	5,991	3,89
	Legal and professional	1,519	842	62	-	483	3,821	2,064	4,66
	Auditors' remuneration	250	330	250	-	250	200	750	53
	Postage and telephone	97	132	-	-	-	-	97	13
	Vehicle running and maintenand	ce -	109	-	-	-	-	-	10
	Printing and stationery	202	182	27	6	-	15	229	20
	Advertisement	-	192	-	-	-	-	-	19
	Others	104	145	50	-	-	-	154	14
	Total	7,615	5,480	937	348	733	4,036	9,285	9,8
28.6	Distribution cost								
	Out-sourcing of manpower	4,870	4,693	-	-	-	-	4,870	4,6
	Legal and professional charges	-	550	-	-	32	-	32	5
	Provision for doubtful debts	10,460	-	-	-	-	-	10,460	
	Staff training	35	-	-	-	-	-	35	
	Freight and forwarding	34,267	27,807	-	-	28	347	34,295	28,1
	Rent, rates and taxes	131	568	560	-	-	-	691	5
	Printing and stationery	355	10	-	-	3	-	358	
	Postage and telephone	615	291	-	-	-	6	615	2
	Traveling and conveyance	92	69	-	-	-	-	92	
	Advertisement	68	246	-	-	90	271	158	5

			2011 (Rupees ir	2010 n thousand)
29.	EARNING PER MODARABA CERTIFICATE - Basic and Diluted			
	Profit for the year	Rupees in '000s	123,228	48,516
	Number of certificates	Numbers in '000s	72,685	50,000
	Earning per certificate	Rupees	1.70	0.96

There was no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per modaraba certificate.

30. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on October 06, 2011 by the Board of Directors of Global Econo Trade (Private) Limited (Modaraba company).

31. GENERAL

31.1 Figures of the corresponding period have been re-arranged and regrouped where necessary to facilitate comparison. For the purpose of better presentation, significant reclassification include the following:

From	<u>To</u>	Amount in Rs '000
Balance sheet - Long term deposits (Note - 5)	- Current portion of long term deposits (Note - 9)	3,060

- **31.2** All the executives, officers and other employees of the Modaraba have been out-sourced from its related party namely Messers TCL Labor-Hire Company (Private) Limited.
- **31.3** Figures in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees.

LAHORE: October 06, 2011 Syed Shahid Ali
Chief Executive Officer

Muhammad Shafique Anjum Director

Pattern of Certificate-Holding as at June 30, 2011

NUMBER OF CERTIFICATE HOLDERS	CERTIFICATE HOLDING		TOTAL NUMBER OF CERTIFICATE HELD
	FROM	то	
22	1	500	11,000
5	501	1,000	4,800
1	1,001	10,000	5,000
1	15,001	20,000	20,000
1	90,001	100,000	90,801
1	8,000,001	8,500,000	8,012,500
1	71,000,001	72,000,000	71,855,897
32			79,999,998

Categories of Certificate Holders	No. of Certificate Holders	Certificates Held	Percentage %
DIRECTORS			
SYED SHEHARYAR ALI	1	90,801	0.11
INDIVIDUALS	29	40,800	0.05
INVESTMENT COMPANIES	NIL	NIL	-
INSURANCE COMPANIES	NIL	NIL	-
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES	1	71,855,897	89.82
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	NIL	NIL	-
MODARABA COMPANY	1	8,012,500	10.02
OTHERS	NIL	NIL	-
	32	79,999,998	100

CERTIFICATE-HOLDERS HOLDING 10% CERTIFICATES

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholder	Shares	
1	TREET CORPORATION LIMITED	71,855,897	
2	GLOBAL ECONO TRADE (PRIVATE) LIMITED	8,012,500	

Key Operating Financial Data

Rs.(000)	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Sales Gross Profit Profit before Taxation Profit after Taxation Certificateholders' Equity Fixed Assets - Net Total Assets Total Liabilities Current Assets Current Liabilities Dividend Declared Certificates Outstanding	1,790,217 185,672 123,228 123,228 878,189 341,557 1,428,642 550,453 1,075,593 93,342 6.94% 79,999,998	1,476,843 119,001 48,516 48,516 476,801 323,704 948,012 471,211 612,394 264,521 2.73% 49,999,999	695,983 13,696 (40,507) (40,507) 428,285 229,996 755,783 327,498 525,747 327,498 0.00% 49,999,999	489,112 (23,459) (15,618) (15,618) 111,649 156,266 535,238 423,589 378,932 39,754 0.00% 14,285,714	55,970 (10,818) (15,590) (15,590) 127,267 168,185 314,177 186,910 145,952 31,027 0.00% 14,285,714
IMPORTANT RATIOS					
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Profitability Gross Profit Profit before Tax Profit after Tax	10.37% 6.88% 6.88%	8.06% 3.29% 3.29%	1.97% (5.82)% (5.82)%	(4.80)% (3.19)% (3.19)%	(19.33)% (27.85)% (27.85)%
Return on Equity Return on Equity before Tax Return on Equity after Tax Earning per Certificates	14.03% 14.03% 1.54	10.18% 10.18% 0.97	(9.46)% (9.46)% (1.39)	(13.99)% (13.99)% (1.09)	(12.25)% (12.25)% (2.34)
Liquidity/Leverage Current Ratio Break-up Value per Certificate Total Liabilities to Equity	11.52 10.98 0.63	2.30 9.54 0.99	1.61 8.57 0.76	9.53 7.82 3.79	4.70 8.91 1.47
% Change	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Sales Gross Profit Profit before Taxation Profit after Taxation Certificateholders' Equity + Revaluation Surplus Fixed Assets - Net Total Assets Total Liabilities Current Assets Current Liabilities Dividend	21.22% 56.03% 153.99% 153.99%	112.20% 768.87% (219.77)% (219.77)%	42.30% (158.38)% 159.36% 159.36%	773.88% 116.85% 0.18% 0.18%	
	84.18% 5.52% 50.70% 16.82% 75.64% (64.71)% 153.85%	11.33% 40.74% 25.43% 43.88% 16.48% (19.23)%	283.60% 47.18% 41.21% (22.68)% 38.74% 723.81%	(12.27)% (7.09)% 70.36% 126.63% 159.63% 28.13%	
Certificates Outstanding	60.00%	0.00%	250.00%	0.00%	